**??** (kat / transitive verb ) **trust:** Okabina naan a lawaza ma waaxus wakpat a raaguling mitmizaangir a bina, wana damin kol aang a rouzaat laaur wana bara,

**adu zare** (='adu 'that' + ze

ata, ataa (verb) opposite: apa, apaa after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually nataa 1 up 2

**vabaaxot** (=causative **va-** + **baaxot** 'money) (ka i / intransitive verb) **enrich, become wealthy:** Gu naxaam adu gu na vabaaxot pan a roxaaiing a tingirip a gold. You think you have become wealthy by possessing gold riches. (HW56) **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** f-?

babaang (-num / inalienable noun) chest: a babaangago my chest

**vatpaat a babaang boast about oneself:** Adu gu vatpaat a babaangnaam kun a ze? Why are you boasting about yourself? (literally: Why are you beating your chest?)

babanga (a (mun) / noun) 1 see Moxoxaamade (represents the Moxoxaamande clan)

Blyth's hornbill Aceros plicatus 2 hornbill birds

**babi** (-num / inalienable noun) (usually babina) wing: babina its wings babinaandi their wings birds

### bagbak see bakt

**baiing** (kat / transitive verb ) (= naxa(a)m 'think' + baiing 'ignore) ignore

**naxam baaing** (kat / transitive verb ) **neglect:** Tuaa gu naxam baiing a mun ngeiwulut surago. Do not neglect my commandments. (HW39)

**bak**¹ (kat / transitive verb ) **shave:** Ka na bak a xaakna. She will shave her leg.

**bagbak** (ka i / intransitive verb, reduplicated) **shave:** Ga zaxot, ga na bagbak. I'd like to shave. (Volker pg 53)

**bak**<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) (aibika in Tok Pisin ) a green leafy vegetable

**bak**<sup>3</sup> [from TP bak 'bag' / English bage] (prenominal classifier) **bag**: a bak suga a bag of sugar. (See Volker grammar 100).

bakadol (-num / inalienable noun) esophagus

bakulaau see ba-

bala (a (mun) / noun) usually mbala arrow

bala<sup>2</sup> (-num / inalienable noun) also mbala<sup>2</sup> lips, mouth: a bala na Ken Ken's mouth

balagofing (a (mun) / noun) poverty: Ka saa ma gu vamumut nu kun a

balagofing? Why do you belittle yourself in poverty? (HW13) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: any root balagof?

balak (kat / transitive verb ) (female) masturbate

balam (-num / inalienable noun) yawn

**balang** 1 (a (mun) / noun) glutton 2 (ka i / intransitive verb) open one's mouth without having any reason to

dor balang (=dor 'speak' + balang 'glutton')

balangtang [from < Kuot?] (a (mun) / noun) (brown, peaceful, saltwater species) saltwater eel (for more information see: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RvyC1xo3v1A) sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: scientific name?

**balas** (ka i / intransitive verb) = **balis**<sup>1</sup> (SE dialect) 1 (followed by the prepositions la or si) arrive, come up to: A rate ka balas la vaal sina. / A rate ka balas sin a vaal sina. The man arrived at her house. **2 become** 

balasing (=balas

**balit** (a / uncountable noun) 1 (positive) group, crowd 2 (negative) mob, gang: Gu balit salapet! You lazy mob!

**balit**<sup>2</sup> 1 (a / uncountable noun) feature of nature that is no longer young: a balit a yaai mature leaves of the tree 2 (ka i / intransitive verb) nature changing and becoming less productive: A raas ka balit. The ocean is changing (i.e., and there are fewer fish).

bambe (a (mun) / noun) mud

**banaat** (a (mun) / noun) **treasure**: Ma la bikabaar a rolangaan di na zuruk a banaat a ziziba a vaatrulaaiing sin a Nakmai. And in the realm of spirit we obtain the gem of Divine virtue. (HWpreface)

banaat a ziziba

### barang (-num / inalienable noun) skull

**bazaai** (a (mun) / noun) = biza² (SE dialect) taro plants

**bazof** (verb) **faithful:** Di na waan bazof a vaarungtungaaiing Sina pan a roro'ing si naande. They will be faithful to His guidance in their lives. (HWpreface)

**bazuf** (ka i / intransitive verb) (= ba- 'all you people' + zuf 'wash') (used at malagan ceremonies when one has previously missed a traditional obligation) make up for being absent at a traditional ceremony: Ga bazuf. I am making up for having previously missed a

traditional obligation. malagan related

be

**bis**<sup>2</sup> (kat / transitive verb ) **compare man intransitive equivalent: milis** (does not permit direct object incorporation into the verb phrase) **smell:** Ka bis a yen. He is smelling the fish. **bibis** (ka i / intransitive verb, reduplicated) **smell, sniff:** A viu bibis kun a aze? Why is the dog sniffing around?,

bibis baalu (=bibis 'smell' + baalu an unidentified plant used for the fence around a sacred space) 1 entry prohibited, no access, no trespassing 2 (so-called because they tend to sniff around through a baalu fence to find out about things they should not see) uninitiated person UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Difference between bis, bibis, miyaa, milis?

**biskit** [from TP biskit 'biscuit / English biscuit] (a (mun) / noun) **biscuit**: Ga rambai pan a biskit. I'm tired of biscuits. (Volker pg 217)

biza¹ (-num / inalienable noun) (physical, not emotional) heart

**biza**<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) = bazaai (NE dialect) taro

**faat biza / vaat biza** (a (mun) / noun) (a round stone planted in a garden to show young taros the size and shape to which they should aspire) **taro stone** 

**DiZa**<sup>3</sup> (a (mun) / noun) line of stones placed on reef to corral fish when fishing with a net

**bizaru** (a (mun) / noun) parasite vine that grows on coconut trees

**bloxuaam** (a (mun) / noun) (a mazalei of the Moxomaraba Clan) mythical fish usually depicted with its tongue hanging out

**DO** (kat / transitive verb ) apply / put on makeup: Di bo a laas. They're putting on lime powder (for spiritual protection.

**boa** (a (mun) / noun) person who cannot sing or dance

**bobofmara** (ka i / intransitive verb) **pretend:** Ka bobofmara be, ka vit ka giu. He's just pretending; he didn't really do it.

**bolof** (a (mun) / noun) 1 hole 2 cave 3 (so-called because of the nose-piercing many Highlanders formerly often had) Highlander

boloxuaam (a (mun) / noun) (= boluxu 'huge' + waan 'whole') 1 unidentified fish 2 name of a malagan carving from the Moxomaraba clan of a fish eating a man sea life ET Q q 1 001 \$55237j ET Q 001 c 12 012 007m /

**bor a rus** (=bor 'bottom' + article a + rus 'fresh water spring in the reef') (A mara a rus% is common today, but in the past people said *abor a rus.*) bottom of the fresh spring in the reef UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is this bor or bol a rus?

**DOC**<sup>2</sup> (-num / inalienable noun) 1 base, bottom: Ka i zusuf la bor a rus. It dives down to the bottom of the freshwater spring in he reef. (Children's song. iA Maanii p. 55) 2 root, base,

trunk: a bor a yaai tree root plants

**DOFAXAQU** (ka i / intransitive verb) 1 careless 2 neglect: Ka boraxaau wan a roro'ing sina. He neglects his health. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: difference ebtween mandakaai and boraxaau?

**botes** (a (mun) / noun) compare vun leatherback turtle Dermochelys coriacea sea life

**bou** (verb) with no doubt, with complete confidence, bestow: Ga bou vaxarom nu. With full confidence I have bestowed blessings on you. (HWII)

bowa (a (mun) / noun) (especially at dancing) clumsy

**boxo** (adverb) close, near, soon UNRESOLVED QUESTION: QUESTION: DIFFERENCE BETWEEN boxo and lamur? Is boxo more archaic? example sentences?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: relationship / difference between boxo and kubunguru?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: any difference between boxo and vaasilik?

boxof (a (mun) / noun) spear

**boxot** (ka i / intransitive verb) **pregnant** 

faboxot / vaboxot (=causative fa- / va- + boxot 'pregnant') (kat / transitive verb ) impregnate

braaf / braav (adjective / naan ka)

**braaving** (=braav 'long' + nominalising -ing ) (a (mun) / noun) **length:** a yaarus a braaving i pan a orol a rope three metres long (Volker pg. 110),

**buk braaf** (=buk 'joint' + braaf 'long') (so-called because water used to be carried in bamboo pole with a long space between joints) pipe (for water)

braai = baraai

**bred** [from English bread] (a (mun) / noun) bread

uru mit bred ends of a loaf of bread

**briki** [from English *brick*] (a (mun) / noun) **brick:** a vaal a briki the brick house (Volker pg. 110)

**brung** (verb) **short form of barung UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** *transitive / intransitive?* 

**Drus** (a (mun) / noun) see also burus 1 sore, infection: Ka gis pan a brus. She's sick from the sore. (Volker 1998. p. 150) 2 boil (skin inflammation): Ga gis pan a brus. I'm sick

from the boil. (Volker pg. 150)

**bulamei** 1 (a (mun) / noun) **pandanus 2 (figurative) scheme:** Naan ka bulamei mase. He is scheming a lot

**buliaai** (a (mun) / noun) **arrival of VIPs:** A buliaai xa balas la raan a kwin ka maat. VIPs arrived when the queen died. (Hunt) Gu vaalabas a buliaai. You give an announcement with the garaamut drum to mark the arrival of the VIPs.

**buling** (kat / transitive verb ) **always:** Uwe, gat naxaam buling nu. Ah, I'm always thinking of you. (Volker pg 62)

**bulus** (adjective / naan ka) **strengthened:** Naan ka xaazou ka na bulus marase, ma naan ka rutawok, ka na milung marase ma xa na waan fis. He who enters will be strengthened, and he who ignores will be guilty of great sin and will perish. (HW9)

gogong bulus (=gogong 'look after' + bulus 'strengthen') (kat / transitive verb ) adopt a child: Gu gogong bulus naan. You adopted her/him.,

**zong bulus** (=zong 'food scarcity' + bulus 'strengthened') **famine** 

**buma** (a (mun) / noun)

**buru** (a / uncountable noun) horizon

**burum** (a (mun) / noun) woven mat UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Are both burum and baram correct?

**burus** (ka i / intransitive verb) **see brus** 

**burut** (a (mun) / noun) also shortened to brut 1 below 2 past

bus (a (mun) / noun) urine,

#### daavur (a (mun) / noun) rain

bukbuk daavur (=bukbuk 'chant' + daavur 'rain') (a (mun) / noun) rain-making chant, yaaz daavur (=a 'a', 'an', 'the' + yaaz 'sun' + daavur 'rain') (idiom) (Often said when there is rain and sun simultaneously.) There will be a death. weather

dalak also ndalak 1 (kat / transitive verb ) shark calling with a shell or su fruit rattle: Di dalak a beowa. They're calling a shark with a shell rattle. 2 (a (mun) / noun) shell or su fruit rattle used in shark calling: Di buru wan a dalak. They're making a ceremonial entrance with shell ratt.1 (wan 33r) -0.2 (at) 0.2 (t) 0.2 (.1 (wan 33r) 0 (.1 (wan 37.6(i) 09.4()) ] TJ ET Q 0 0.

**demdem** [from possibly Japanese *denden* 'snail (children's speech] (a (mun) / noun) (large, destructive species introduced during World War II ) snail UNRESOLVED QUESTION: identify species

**dewut** (adjective / naan ka) **greedy:** a rate dewut a greedy man

**di**<sup>1</sup> (pronoun) = **Southeast and West Coast dialects**: **dia**<sup>1</sup> (NE dialect) (first person nonsingular inclusive pronoun -- includes the person(s) being addressed) **we, us**. (See Volker grammar 139).

**di**<sup>2</sup> (subject marker) = **Southeast dialect: dia**<sup>2</sup> (NE dialect) (first person nonsingular inclusive) **we, us: Di** na ule lamaf. We will return tomorrow. Di waan. Let's go.

di na let's: Di na waan! Let's go! UNRESOLVED QUESTION: SE seems to use only di: di waan, di zangas. Confirm. (See Volker grammar 47). UNRESOLVED QUESTION: In the SE dialect dia is the pronoun, but Selamaas says di waan, so the subject marker is different from the pronoun? Confirm!

di<sup>3</sup> (third person nonsingular): A mun yen di lapuk faanong. The fish have grown big. (Volker p. 49)

**-di** (inallenable possessive suffix) (first person nonsingular inclusiv inalienable possessive suffix) **our**. (See Volker grammar 126).

#### di-great

**dimura** (=di- 'great' + mura 'snake') (a (mun) / noun) **serpent, giant snake,** 

**Dipiran** (=di- 'great' + piraan 'elder') (-num / inalienable noun) the Lord,

diravin (=di 'great' + tavin woman) (a (mun) / noun) great woman, beautiful woman,

**divi** (=di- 'great' + vi 'crowd') (prenominal element) **numberous, amazing:** a divi vaal a great number of houses a divi vanganing an amazing feast. (See Volker grammar 107).

dizaan (=di- 'great' + saan 'thing') (a (mun) / noun) (rude, slang) large vagina,

**dizaan laba** (=di- 'great' + saan 'thing' + laba 'large') (a (mun) / noun) (rude, slang) **large sexual organ**. (See Volker grammar 107).

**dia** = Northeast dialect:  $di^{\dagger}$  (SE dialect) (first person nonsingular inclusive pronoun -- includes the person(s) being addressed) we, us: Dia vaagdul. All of us.. (See si(T -0.0002 Tc 1.

doring (== dor !speak! + nominaliser -ing)

inalienable noun) (especially poetic) spiritual light, enlightenment: Ma a eilapingnago xa vit nat faraxas di na pnu. And they cannot extinguish my enlightenment. (HW14),

fa'ilap / va'ilap (=causative fa-/va- + eilap 'ignite) (kat / transitive verb ) ignite, set fire to

eilaping see eilap (= eilap 'illumine' + nominalising -ing)

**einiyaat** (a (mun) / noun) (sacred to be seen by men only, played at night behind a wall or fence and said to be frightening. Often played at malagan ceremonies or at funerals) sacred musical instrument

**CF** see also yaai flock of birds UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm uncountable

faa (interrogative) after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually vaa compare vei faavei :1 where: Taamun faa? La maska na vaal. Where is Taamun? In the house.. (See Volker grammar 197, 200).

ang faa 1 which: Taamun ang faa? Which Taamun? 2. (See Volker grammar 203)., i na faa

faaizaat (kat / transitive verb ) after vowels, 'l'

faanong / fanong after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually vaanong 1 finish: Ga vaanong aangkare. I've finished here. 2 (marker of completed action) did, had done: A

faasik (ka i / intransitive verb) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually vaasik (

## faatmanda

**falagot** see lagot (= causative prefix fa-/va- + lagot 'beat', 'hit')

**falazing** (a (mun) / noun) 1 wrapping 2 (slang, rare today) (used in the colonial era when workers were paid with a wrapped roll of 100 shillings (= £5 / K10)) ten kina: a falazing uru twenty kina. (See Volker grammar 122). UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is there valazing? Is there laz or lazing?

faliaat see liaat (= causative fa- / vaa- + liaat 'light')

falibis see libis (= causative fa- + libis 'enter)

falip (kat / transitive verb ) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually valip release, let go:

Ga valip a maani. I let the bird go. UNRESOLVEDET Q any word lip/Acsc q [628ET (

**fanaauing** (a (mun) / noun) 1 moral instruction, command: A fanaauing surago ka xavut nu. My commands is binding on you. (HW12) 2 moral education: a mun fanaauing doxo good moral education

**fanadu** (kat / transitive verb ) **spoil, mess up:** Labat fanadu a bina. Some Mainland guy is messing around in our village. (Volker pg 47)

fangai / fangaai (verb) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually vangai / vangaai, usually mas, = West Coast dialect vapalis (rare today) must: Di vangai vazaak a doring

**faraang** after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually varaang 1 (a (mun) / noun) assembly, group: A varaang a piran di waza rasin fanong la rabaraau ??? 2 (kat / transitive verb ) organise: Gu varaang a mun burama la maska na uma. You're organising the plots in he garden.

**fara'ing** = feraxei (used by some younger speakers) (= feraxei + transitive -ing) including, together with: naanda vaagdul fara'ing Elias all of them including Elias. (See Volker grammar 159).

**faraksaating** after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually varaksaating, see raksaat (= causative fa- / va- + raksaat 'polluted' + transitive -ing)

faramalaiing (kat / transitive verb ) compare vara, mala (= reciprocal vara-+ mala c'rowd' + transifive marker -ing?) reciprocate, treat others in the same way, deal with (persons): Gu vagun pizin a mun milunging simaam malasing maam saait maadi faramalaingmaam. Forgive our sins in the same way as we treat each other. (Saaule 7)

**faramaxosing** see moxos (= reciprocal marker fara- + moxos 'marry' + nominalising -ing)

faramin (kat / transitive verb ) after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually varamin 1 close 2 walk over: Gu varamin naan. You walked over him.

faramin walaas (=faramin 'close' + walaas 'unwrap') (kat / transitive verb ) unpack,

kas faramin (=kas 'crawl' + faramin 'walk over') (kat / transitive verb ) overwhelm: Ga kas faramin nu wan a malagaanago. I overwhelmed you with my glory. (HW 3)

faranas (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually varanas crag, stone outcrop

**faranoping** *after vowels*, 'l', *and/ or* 'r' *usually varanoping*, see *nop* (= reciprocal marker *fara/vara- + nop* 'respect'+ -nominalising *-ing*)

faras

# faraxeiing

# feif

filviring see filvira (= filvira 'detoxify' + transitive -ing)

finaas (ka i / intransitive verb) (NOTE: no f-/v- variation) carry in a basket

finaau after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually vinaau 1 (kat / transitive verb ) steal 2 (a (mun) / noun) thief: Nu a vong vinaau. You're a despicable thief.

fingaai (verb) also stori 1 tell a story, give a report 2 explain: G

vuna bina indigenous person, native, aboriginal UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Can we say a mun fun a bina for plural? UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Do we have two words here or one: (1) a vuna yaai / ga wut a vuna OR (2) a vun a yaai and ga wut avuna?

funaalik (a mun / plural noun) irregular plural of naalik (NE dialect) sons, boys furavin (a mun / plural noun) irregular plural of tavin (NE dialect) women: A mun furavin orolavaat aangkare di dodor wan a rong sunum. These four women are talking about your shortcomings. (Volker pg 80). (See Volker grammar 101).

**-90** (inallenable possessive suffix) = -nago / -nagu, -nugu my: A langago ka burus. My ear hurts.. (See Volker grammar 126).

**gof** 1 (a (mun) / noun) **nothingness, vacuum, nothing** 2 (ka i / intransitive verb, adjective / naan ka) **empty, hollow:** A daanim ka gof la maska na taank. The tank is empty. (AW) a zaan gof the empty thing (AW)

a flan ka raain a gof (="the moon sees nothing") (idiom) bright moonlit night,

**xot a gof** (=xot 'hang' + a gof 'vacuum') (a (mun) / noun) **sit and do nothing, muck around:** Gu xot a gof. You're just sitting and doing nothing. **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** is there a verb ka gof?

**gogong** (kat / transitive verb ) look after, care for

gogong bulus (=gogong 'look after' + bulus 'strengthen') (kat / transitive verb ) adopt a child: Gu gogong bulus naan. You adopted her/him.

**GOI** (kat / transitive verb ) publicaly shame: Di gol naan. They're publicly shaming him. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: difference between gol and vaamangal?

**gom** (a / uncountable noun) feast honouring one or more dead relatives held some time after a funeral and before a malagan malagan related

**gon** (kat / transitive verb ) care for, look after: Gu na gon fatalumin nu pan a zaxazarei a raan.

**haama** [from Tok Pisin hama /English hammer] (a (mun) / noun) hammer: Ga wit a yaai pan a haama. I hit the tree with a hammer. (Volker pg 150)

**hihep** (numeral) **compare azaxei**, **saxe** (sacred ('original') counting system); (has a marked falling intonation on the first syllable and rising intonation on the last syllable) (rare today) **one**. (See Volker grammar 121).

**hombru** (a / uncountable noun) (= Tok Pisin hombru < English home + brew) illegally distilled liquor

hos [from Tok Pisin hos / English horse] (a (mun) / noun) horse

[from Proto Oceanic locative preposition \*(q)i] (verbal affix) **compare** t 1 (preverbal intransitive durative marker

imining see imin (= min 'drink' + nominalising -ing)

in = i:3 (Used instead of i before place names beginning with a vowel and optionally before foreign geographic names) at: a bina in Gris a village in Greece (Volker pg 165)

inang (a (mun) / noun) whitebait sea life

**inaxaming** see *naxam* (= durative *i* + naxam + nominalising *ing*) **UNRESOLVED** QUESTION: *inaxaming OR inaxaaming* 

indalak (a (mun) / noun) traditional handheld musical instrument

indiat (adverb) (SE dialect) from here: Naan in akula a bina Amerika ma dia nadiat

PNG. He is from over there in America and they are from here, PNG. (Selamaas) UNRESOLVED

QUESTION: Get a more detailed definition., UNRESOLVED QUESTION: in diat./ a idat (noun) OR indiat (adverb)?

ing

zaxazaxai. The ancestors established a hierarchy and consecrated all persons with their own appropriate titles.

izaam (=iza 'name' + inalienable possessive -am 'our') compare izam our names, izanago (=iza 'name' + inalienable possessive nago 'my') my name. (See Volker grammar 132). izam **kaais** after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xaais (Often kaais is also used after a word ending in a vowel and there is no x- lenition.) 1 (a (mun) / noun) current: A xaais ka dikdik. The current is strong. 2 (ka i / intransitive verb) (non-human, non-animal) float: A yaai xa xaais. The tree is floating.

**kaak** (-num / inalienable noun) **after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xaak leg:** a xaak a tebol a table leg

buk kaak knee,

**skol xaak** (=skol 'digit' + xaak 'leg') **toe** body part UNRESOLVED QUESTION: difference between kinsangasing & xaak?

**kaakaak** (a (mun) / noun) related word viimaat (a medium-sized brown bird, whose call is a warning that a viimaat 'assassin' is in the area) ?? UNRESOLVED QUESTION: species? description?

kaalio (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xaalio

**kadaking** (=kadak 'appoint/set/dedicate' + transitiving -ing) (kat / transitive verb ) 1 appoint 2 dedicate, commit, set yourself towards: Kadaking la sumaraam. Commit your vision to that. (HW 2),

**kadaking tasin** (=kadaking 'keep' + tasin 'put') (kat / transitive verb ) **pass on:** Xastunaan ka kadaking tasin sin a mun nafkul aang naandi. Humanity has kept passing this on from one generation to another

kaeinganaying (ka i / intransitive verb) (humans) be connected with

**kaf**<sup>1</sup> (adverb) (optional imperative marker) do it: Taain kaf! Take a good look at it! (Volker 194)

**kaf**<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) women's head covering UNRESOLVED QUESTION: x-?

**kain** [from TP *kain* 'kind' < English *kind*] (prenominal classifier) = wat kind of, type of: a kain fanganing that kind of food. (See Volker grammar 101).

**kakao** [from TP *kakau* ' cacao' < German *kakau* 'cacao' < Spanish *cacao* 'cacao' < Nahuatl *caca-uatl* 'cacao'] (a / uncountable noun) (NOTE: no k-/x- variation) 1 cacao: A kakao a rit ka lapuk faanong. The cocao trees here are already big. 2 cocoa. (See Volker grammar 5.1). UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm: not a xakao

**kalazu** (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xalazu fishing basket used to trap fish in a fadan / vadan

**kaleou** after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually xaleou 1 canoe with an outrigger 2 (literally canoe, but used figuratively for any vehicle) vehicle UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm not xaaleou

**kali** (-num / inalienable noun) after vowels,

kapkap<sup>2</sup> (-num / inalienable noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xapkap<sup>2</sup> shoulders and upper back

## karong

### kaval

**kaza** (kat / transitive verb ) **after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xaza colour, paint:** A rate xa xaza a malagan. The man is colouring the malagan carving.

**ken** [from < TP ken < Eng can] (ka i / intransitive verb) = faraxas, naaf able to, can, could:

di paazaai wa ni. It is like an honourable end to the suffering of those who are faithful to me. (HWpreface),

**faarakiping** (=reciprocal prefix fara/vara + kip cut + nominalising suffix -ing) (a (mun) / noun) 1 end

**koveting** (kat / transitive verb ) **contain:** A mun lamlamon di na wen koveting ni.

Hearts cannot contain me. (HW66) **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** Is this the same as kowating?

KOWAAS after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually xowaas also xowos 1 climb up onto: Dit kowaas a kaar. They climb onto a vehicle. A maimaai xa xowaas a eiban. The clan leader is climbing up onto a ceremonial platform. 2 pool money to buy a pig that will be given in our name

**kowating** (kat/transitive verb) after vowels, 'l', and/or 'r' usually xowating hold kowating a ruaap (=kowating 'hold' + article a + ruaap 'bone') (idiom) expected to carry out a essential duty for one's clan: Nis ka na kowating a ruaap? A ruaap aang wan a Waanabis. Who is going to carry out the clan's most important task? That task has been delegated to Waanabis. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is this koveting "contain"?

KOXOK (a (mun) / noun) 1 woman's daughter's husband 2 woman's husband's sister's son 3 man's mother's brother's wfe 4 man's wife's mother 5 sacred: A maravis ka tabung valiaat nu xa wut la paarmaleng pan a

kul (adverb) short form of akula

**kul**<sup>2</sup> (kat / transitive verb ) **after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually xul change clothes** 

**kulxul / xulxul** (=reduplicated *xul* 'change clothes') (*ka i / intransitive verb*) **change clothes:** *Di waan xulxul. They're going off to change.*,

**kulxuling** / **xulxuling** (=reduplicated *xul* 'change clothes' + nominalising -*ing*) (a (mun) / noun) change of clothing:

**kumur** (adverb) **later:** Maimaai xa vangaai xuna navaing luk aang a mun doring kuna naxaam kibis tasin aang kumur. A maimai needs to take measure of what is spoken in order to consult with others later.

#### kun see ku

**KUNa** (conjunction) **after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually xuna** (followed by a verb or verbal particle) **in order to:** Ga wut kuna vaanong. I'm coming to finish the house. (Volker 176) Gu na vangaai dikdik kuna xaaf lok aang. You must be strong in order to achieve this. (HW47)

kunaai unresolved Question: Is this a word? Meaning?

**kusmu** 1 (ka i / intransitive verb) **discuss, have a talk:** Di kusmu braav. They've been discussing things for a long time. 2 (a (mun) / noun) **discussion, chat:** Naan a kusmu doxo. That was a good discussion. **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** Is there a final -r? kusmu / xusmur?, **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** What's the relationship betwen kusmu and xumur? K/X variants? separate words? What about the -s- and -r?

kut (a (mun) / noun)

**laa** short form of lawaxa, lawa, lavara (adverb) bye, good-bye: Taain nu. Laa! See you. Bye!

laaf 1 (a (mun) / noun) compare maale (laaf has a steep decline that cannot be easily climbed, while maale has a gradual slope) steep slope 2 (a (mun) / noun) cliff 3 (a (mun) / noun) depression in the ground made by a human or an animal: laaf sin a barei depression a pig digs 4 (ka i / intransitive verb) dig a hole: Naande di laaf. They're digging a hole.

laaguf (a (mun) / noun) 1 useless person 2 person who acts knowledgeable, but is not 3 lazy person UNRESOLVED QUESTION: lazy or just useless or both?

**laai** (a (mun) / noun) ( like xiis but does not travel in schools and has large lips) various species of sweetlips Family Haemulidae sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Which species are included? Division between laai and inggamai?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: get web link

laaia (a (mun) / noun) mustard plant UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm this is Tok Pisin daka in which case it is betel vine / Piper betle plants

**Laainaru** (a / uncountable noun) **compare Maangalas** (Maangalas and Laainaru are said to be the moon's two lovers) **Evening Star, Venus** astronomy

laak¹ (adverb) 1 first, first of all: Taalil laak la maska na olavaaiing sunum pa ni. Look first at the depths of your love for me. (HW14) 2 (emphasis marker): Ga ruwaas laak kare! I'm finished here!

a flan ka laak (idiom) new moon astronomy

laak² (kat / transitive verb) 1 climb up into: Gu laak a vaal. You climb up into the house. 2 also tu (sun and moon) rise: A flan ka laak. The moon is rising.

**valak** (=causative fa-/va- + laak 'climb up into') **climb up onto a platform at a malagan ceremony** 

laak<sup>3</sup> (a (mun) / noun) 1 walking stick, cane 2 crutches

**valaak** (=causative fa-/va- + laak 'walking stick') **support someone with walking difficulties:** Valaak naan. Support him. **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** also f-?

laalaa (a (mun) / noun) 1 blue and gold fusilier Caesia teres 2 (Tok Pisin dictionary has: (a type of travelly) yellowstripe scad fish for malambur) mackerel sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: QUESTION: What are the differences between maalus (TPmalambur) and laalaa ?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is this one word both fusilier and scad? And/or mackerel?

laali (a (mun) / noun) orientall sweetlips Plectorhinchus orientalis UNRESOLVED QUESTION: probably not, as Greg Hiob says laai and bari

night-time sexual encounters: A labasbung ko! Here comes the guy who sneaks around at

lalamaaiing (a (mun) / noun) 1 trial, test, sample: Simbong doxo la waan a lalamaaiing surago. Wait patiently during my trials. (HW48) 2 temptation: Tuaa gu lis pizin maam ku ta lalamaaiing ayang Gu vabulus maam siaanaa zapalau. Do not lead us to some temptation, but rather lead us toward the spiritual. (saaule p 7 (Lord's Prayer)) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm not lalaamaaiing, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: any root lalamaai?

**lalamon** (-num / inalienable noun) = **lamlamon soul**, heart, emotional or spiritual heart: Gu na roxon a tuning a lalaxa na lamlamonum. You must have purity inside your heart.

lalara (a (mun) / noun) (has large ears) leprechaun, dwarf UNRESOLVED QUESTION: same as xipaang? UNRESOLVED QUESTION: same as luluraai?

**lalaxa** (-num / inalienable noun) **inside**, **essential quality**: Gu na roxon a tuning a lalaxa na lamlamonum. You must have purity inside your heart.

lalaxaau (a / uncountable noun) payment of traditional obligation UNRESOLVED QUESTION:

lawaanas (a (mun) / noun) 1 midday 2 early afternoon: Lawaanas doxo! Good afternoon!

lawaasaxiwaak (a (mun) / noun) (similar to a bluestrip snapper, but with a big black dot on it tail

liaat (a (mun) / noun) light

faliaat / vaaliat (=causative fa- / vaa- + liaat 'light') 1 (kat / transitive verb ) light: Gu vaaliat a laplou. You' light the bamboo torch. 2 (a / uncountable noun) light, illumination: Nu a vaaliatnago. You are my light.

**libara** (a (mun) / noun) (a secretive bird with grey and brown feathers and a long bill, found in dense vegetation.) rail Family Rallidae birds

libis (a (mun) / noun) enter: Di libis faanong la rabaraau. They have entered the sacred enclosure around the cemetary.

bibis baalu (=libis 'enter' + baalu an unidentified plant used for the fence around a sacred space) 1 entry prohibited, no access, no trespassing UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is this Libis baalu OR Bibis baalu? 2 (so-called because they tend to peek through a baalu fence to see things they should not see) uninitiated person,

**libising** (=libis + nominalising -ing) (a (mun) / noun) **entrance**, **entering**: Gu na pen faxaliu a raan pan a libising pana. You must not waste time by entering it. (HW6),

falibis (=causative fa- + libis 'enter) (kat / transitive verb ) into: Ga tabung pif falibis a rolangaanago wa nu. I have breathed my soul into you. (HW19) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: v-?

**libising** see **libis** (= libis + nominalising -ing) **UNRESOLVED QUESTION**: **libising**, **labasang**, **labasing or all 3?** 

**lif** (ka i / intransitive verb) **also laf fly:** A maani ka lif kun a yaai. A bird is flying through the trees. (Volker 156) A baalus ka lif paan. The plane is flying off.

liflar (a (mun) / noun) ember

liliman'gung (a (mun) / noun) praying mantis order Dictyoptera animals

lilimara (ka i / intransitive verb) eyebrow

**lilingaai** mighty, strong: A malagaafnago xa lilingaai ma ni nanga ga paazai wa Ni. My spiritual power is mighty and I alone am self-subsisting. (HW13)

**limar** 1 traditional bamboo frond torch 2 (ka i / intransitive verb) (often used to attract fish on the reef.at night) use a traditional fire torch at night: Di waan di limar. They're walking and carrying a traditional fire torch at night. 3 (very dry on the inside) one coconut remaining when all the others have fallen

limara (-num / inalienable noun) pupil of the eye body part

limbung / limbum (a (mun) / noun) hard fibrous tree species unidentified plants

ling: (a (mun) / noun) 1 tongue, language 2 voice: a lingnim your voice (Volker pg 130)
3 language: a ling a Motu the Motu language
ling a bina (=ling 'language' + article a + bina 'home') mother tongue

**lok**<sup>1</sup> (a (mun) / noun) 1 hole 2 cave: Di i ru la mara na lok madi piaat, ga saxot a nalik doxo. We stood at the mouth of the cave and we said I wanted a good boy. (Volker pg 53) mara na lok mouth of a cave

**lok**<sup>2</sup> 1 (ka i / intransitive verb) have an erection: Ka lok. He is sexualy aroused. 2 erect (penis), aroused: a wut lok an erect penis

taain suruk lok turn one's face to: Taain suruk lok ni. Turn your face to me. (HW15), loklok (=reduplicated lok) promiscuous: Nu a vong wut loklok.

**luluraa, luluaai** 1 (small sentient being who lives in the jungle, sometimes helping people and sometimes causing mischief) **leprechaun 2 laptop computer UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** xipaang / lalara / luluraai?

lumara (eyes) tear

lus (a (mun) / noun) compare ngaaiwulut, ngeiwulut 1 course, route, bearing 2 law: Di ruktuxaai wan a kip aang a lus a ngaaiwulut ma lus a Osaaning. We observe customary commandments diligently and the commandments related to holding feasts.

famaal / vamaal a lus (=causative fa-/va- + maal

**maala** (ka i / intransitive verb) **similar, like a:** Gu maala laba walaau. You're acting like some big shot.

maalavazevou (a (mun) / noun) related word veveu (small white or brown bird,

**maamaat** (a (mun) / noun) = muimui (similar to striped catfish (Plotosus lineatus) but with no sharp fins) fish: unidentified species sea life

maamis (adjective / naan ka) sweet: Ga zaxot a zaan maamis. I want something sweet.

money at a funeral to the deceased person's clan members:

**mak** (adjective / naan ka) dry food, food with no sauce or soup: a raais mak rice with nothing added

makara (a (mun) / noun) 1 medicine 2 prophylaxis

**makas** 1 (a (mun) / noun) (especially for a group of workers) **food**: A makas ka doxo. The food you gave us was good. (Hunt) 2 (ka i / intransitive verb) **eat**: Di makas faanong. They have eaten.

faamakas / vaamakas (=causative faa/vaa + makas 'food', 'eat') (kat / transitive verb ) feed a group of people, cook for: Di na vaamakas a mun tate di vamozes. We'll feed the workers. (Hunt) Nana xa vamakas ku ni. Mum is cooking for me. (Volker 157)

makimaki (verb) (rare today) vomit

# malasing

**mama** (-num / inalienable noun) 1 (rare today) (traditional usage) papa, dad, daddy, father 2 (from Tok Pisin) mother, mama, mum. (See Volker grammar 133).

mamaal see maal (= republicated maal 'lie')

mamaat (a (mun) / noun) tuna sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Verify mamaat / atun / tun = tuna

mamaaus compare bebes<sup>2</sup> 1

### maangalang

mara a daanim (=mara 'eye' + article a + daanim 'feshwater') permanent freshwater spring, mara a rus (A mara a rus% is common today, but in the past people said abor a rus.) bottom of the fresh spring in the reef,

mara laba (= mara 'eye' + laba 'large') bigeye trevally Caranz sexfasciatus,

mara na bina (=mara 'eye' + na 'a'/'the' + bina 'village) beach immediately in front of a village.

mara na lok (=mara 'eye' + na 'a'/'the' + lok 'hole') mouth of a cave,

mara na mara (=mara 'eye' + na 'a'/'the' + mara 'eye') see also paat<sup>1</sup> headwaters,

mara na matnaas (=mara 'eye' + na 'the' + matnaas contraction of mara 'eye' + %yaas 'sun') east UNRESOLVED QUESTION: part of speech?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: matnaas by itself =?,

mara na vaal (=mara 'eye' + article a/na + vaal 'house') (a (mun) / noun) 1 front door 2 in front of the house.

mara na xava (=mara 'eye' + na 'a'/'the' + xava 'net') (the place where he cords are knotted) the eye of a net,

mara wif (=mara) blindness,

mara xa leles. (-num / inalienable noun) crossed eyes.,

mara xa veif (=mara + xa 's/he / it' + veif 'burn') the 'burning eye' found in malagan carvings symbolising the dawn of creation (the Big Bang),

vamilaaif a marana (=causative fa-/va- + milaaif 'sleep' + a 'a'/'the' + mara 'eye' + -na 'his'/'her') passed away UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also fa-?

maraa (-num / inalienable noun) cost, price: A maraana ka laaup. The price is high.
maraandaan

**marafdaai** (a (mun) / noun) **compare maraftaain unimportant dream** UNRESOLVED QUESTION: murufdaai OR marafdaai?

maraftaain (a (mun) / noun) compare marafdaai dream that reveals important truths

#### mara laba bigeye trevally

**maralili** (ka i / intransitive verb) (= possibly from a reversal of the elements of lilimara 'eyebrow') dizzy

**marang** (a (mun) / noun) **dry coconut**: Ga na sif a marang kun a barei, a vuna ka vit ga relas a bare laraf. I'll cut some coconut for the pig because I didn't give it any yesterday. (Volker pg. 167)

marangingit content, at ease: Gu na i zi marangingit feraxei wana. Be content with this. (HW12)

**maravas** compare maravis 1 (adjective / naan ka) clear 2 (adjective / naan ka) bright 3 (a (mun) / noun) teacher

# masingkare (conjunction)

### mbaknai (kat / transitive verb )

**milung** (a (mun) / noun, verb) **compare tong** (Tong/Rong is less strong than milung 'sin'.) **sin:** Naan ka xaazou ka na bulus marase, ma naan ka rutawok, ka na milung marase ma xa na waan fis. He who enters will be safe, and he who ignores will be guilty of great sin and will perish. (HW9)

**milunging** (=milung !sin! + nominalising -ing) (a (mun) / noun) sin: Gu vagun pizin a mun milunging si maam. Forgive our sins. (Volker pg 128)

min¹ (ka i / intransitive verb) (min is usually used for good smells and milis% for bad smells) smell

min kankaan (used for food, as min doxo cannot refer to food) smells good

**min**<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) **drop:** a min daanim A drop of water UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Also good for fountain / spring? See HW 37

mindaxan food infected with fungus, food that has gone off minof (ka i / intransitive verb) lost in one's own world, absent minded

**minsinaane** (ka i / intransitive verb) **1 therefore, result in:** Ka minsinaane ma gu na vangai olavaai wa ni. Therefore you must love me. (HW3) **2 should, must:** Ma xa minsimaane taain kaaf naan. And you must acknowledge it. (HW16)

mir before a consonant (go here for a full entry): mit
mira [from < TP mira < ENG mirror] (a (mun) / noun) = rigowa mirror
miraut afraid, fearful

Moxokamade (a (mun) / noun) = Mangakamade (NE dialect) see also babanga Hornbill Clan

Moxomaaf (a (mun) / noun) = Mangamaaf (NE dialect) see mangaaf Red Parrot Clan

**Moxomaaraba** (a (mun) / noun) = **Mangamaaraba** (NE dialect) see regaaum Sea Eagle Clan

Moxomaraba (a (mun) / noun) Sea Eagle Clan

Moxomunaa = Mangamunuaa

**Na**<sup>3</sup> (subject marker) **compare ka** (Na is used instead of ka: (1) after the ka vit 'not', (2) to mark a cleft subject, and (3) optionally after naan instead of ka to show emphasis) **he**, **she**, **it**: Ka vit na miraut. She is not afraid. A zanun ubina i na, di tabung put. It was several people who came. (Volker p. 188) Naan na piaat, ka na wut. She said she would come. (Volker p. 51). (See Volker grammar 50, 56, 189).

na ka re (Many persons prefer to write this as one word: nakare) this: A rate na ka re ka na mas wut. This man must be coming.. (See Volker grammar 124).

**-Na** (= specific article *ta* + third person singular inalienable possessive suffix *na*) (*third person singular inalienable possessive marker*) **his, her, its tana** (=specific article *ta* 

**naande** also nande, naandi, nandi, naanda, nanda (NE dialect) 1 (pronoun) they, them: A ravin ka dodor pa naande. The woman is talking about them. (See Volker grammar 139). 2 (third person nonsingular inalienable possessive suffix) their nis naande (= nis 'who' + naande 'they) whoever, those who: Si nis naande di paazaai wa ni. Those who are allied with me.,

**si naande** / **si naanda** (=si !of + naande / naanda third person nonsingular pronoun) (alienable possessive) (third person nonsingular alienable possessive) **their:** Naan a baaxot si naande. That's

**nangan** (ka i / intransitive verb) **laugh:** Uru nalik di i nangan pan a sedo surugo. The two boys are laughing about my shadow. (Volker p 80)

nare (adverb) also are 1 (here) 2 now. (See Volker grammar 74, 170).

**nataa** = ata, ataa: Gu rangtangis saxot a ravin i nataa Ngoingoi. You're always wailing over a woman from Ngoingoi.

**naunaao** (a (mun) / noun) **virtuous person:** La walao naandi, nis a naunaao na xa pit yaan daxo xun a kadaking aang a iza Xalxaal. Individuals among us whose conduct was virtuous and who were held in esteem were given the title Xalxaal ("Sovereign").

**Navaing** gather UNRESOLVED QUESTION: difference ebtween yaawut and navaing?

navin (a (mun) / noun) school (of fish)

navin sin mazaak (=naviin 'school of fish' + mazaak 'hang up') see mazaak bluestripe snapper, navin i yen school of fish,

navin yen (slang) gang, group of people doing the same activity: a navin yen hombru a

**ndiat** (SE dialect) from here: Naan in akula a bina Amerika ma dia in adiat PNG. He is from America and they are from here, PNG. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Only SE dialect?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is reference as intransitive verb correct?

ndip (ka i / intransitive verb) 1 dark night with no moon: Ka ndip ko. There's no moon and it's all dark. 2

**ngavaing** (a (mun) / noun) **measure:** Maimaai xa vangaai xuna ngavaing luk aang a mun doring It is imperative for a clan leader to weigh all that has been said.

**ngeiwulut** (a (mun) / noun) (NE dialect) = **ngaaiwulut commandment:** Ka vamaravaas a rutaawok a iziing ma xa nol a ngeiwulut. He revealed ordinances for good living and he created commandments.

Lus a Ngeiwulut customary system of laws:

**si nima** (=si!of + nim second person nonsingular pronoun + dual marker -a) (alienable possessive) (second person dual alienable possessive) **your**. (See Volker grammar 128).,

# **nonoping** 1 daydream 2 think about something that is probably not possible to do

**nop** (verb) **respect:** Xastunaan ka isasaf la waan a maliaang a malagaafna ma naadii nop. ??

A varanoping lapuk sunumtaal. (='A great mutual respect to the three or four of you.') (idiom) Excuse me.,

**faranoping** / **varanoping** (=reciprocal marker *fara/vara-* + *nop* 'respect'+ -nominalising -*ing*) **mutual respect** 

Nopuvuru (a / uncountable noun) Mars

**noru** (a (mun) / noun) whale sea life

**nounaau** (-num / inalienable noun) 1 **shape:** a nounaau naanade their shape (Volker pg 130) 2 **character**, **temperament**, **temper:** A nounaanum ka raksaat. You have a bad temper 3 **interest in** 

**NU** (pronoun) (second person singular pronoun) **you** (singular): Tuaa gu raain pizin, kat faraxas Ga na ngif nu. In order that I may confide in you, do not ignore this. (HW2). (See Volker grammar 47, 139).

#### Nu a wut lok. prick

**nudel** [from TP nudel 'noodles' / English noodle] (a (mun) / noun) **noodle**. (See Volker grammar 86).

#### **nuf** stonefish

**nuf bek** (stays on the sea floor and is very still) **smallscale scorpion fish** Scorpaenopsis oxycephalus,

**nuf yaara** (moves about and changes colour to blend into the seaweed) **leaf scorpionfish** Taeianotus triacanthus sea life

# nuf bek smallscale scorpionfish, smallscale scorpion fish nuf yaara leaf scorpionfish, leaf scorpion fish

**-nugu** (inallenable possessive suffix) = **-nago** / **-nagu**, **-go** (very formal) (first person inalienable possessive suffix) **my** 

**tagu** (=specific article *ta* + *first person singular inalienable possessive suffix* nagu) (*pronoun*) **mine**. (See Volker grammar 131).. (See Volker grammar 12).

**num** (rare today, especially poetic) (a / uncountable noun) **you** (singular): A zipaaraas naan a talasing Surago a num. Justice is my present to you. (HW2)

**numtal** (=num + paucal -tal) (paucal) the three or four of you

**-num** (inallenable possessive suffix) **also -aam** (second person singular inalienable possessive suffix) **your** (singular): Uru nalik di nangana wan a latlagainum. The two boys are laughing at your shadow. (See Volker grammar 126).

#### oman (a (mun) / noun)

than subject, direct object, and indirect object) 1 (instrumental marker) with: Ga vit a yaai pan a haama. I hit the tree with a hammer. (Volker 1998. p. 150) 2 (purposive marker) to, in order to: Ga yuzim a naaif pan a woking. I used a knife to do it. (Volker 1998. p. 150) 3 (referential marker) about: Ga vaze naan pan a fingaaiing. I told them about the story. (Volker 1998. p. 150) 4 (causal marker) from: Ka gis pan a brus. She's sick from the sore. (Volker 1998. p. 150) Fataling a waraxa na olavaaiing ga pa nu Using the clay of love, I came to you. (HW13) 5 (nonhuman source) of, made from: a vin pan a sipsip wool, sheepskin 6 by: A yaai xa raabak pa ni be. The tree was felled by me alone.

pana (=nonterm preposition pa + inalienable na) after vowels, 'l'

# pakluaai (ka i / intransitive verb)

paraas after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually waraas, related word zipaaraas (=

**PeK**<sup>1</sup> after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually wek 1 (a (mun) / noun) bald person 2 (adjective / naan ka) bald: Naan a rate wek. He's a bald man. Naan ka wek. He's bald. a waat pek a bald head

#### pek<sub>2</sub> catfish

**Pen** (verb particle) **compare vit, also pe, we, wen** (Nagetive marker. For all execpt some older men, pen requires the use of the future marker na.) **not:** A rapti di bur naan la rabaraau, ka pen dodor wana. A man whom they consecrate n the sacred enclosure may not speak of it.. (See Volker grammar 58).

piaang (ka i / intransitive verb)

**plaaxas** (adjective / naan ka) **dry and wrinkled:** A wanabaar ka plaaxas. The leaf is dry and wrinkled.

plim (ka i / intransitive verb) roll: Pana nis ka plim? Who's causing it to roll? (Volker pg 204)

pnis 1 (a (mun) / noun) garden knife, bush knife, machete, grass cutting knife
2 (kat / transitive verb )

be recognised by their smell of faeces.) ghost of someone who has drowned or died of unnatural causes

a puru na yaas. (='an unnatural death in the sun') (idiom) premature death,

A puru xa vangan. (='The drowned spirits are eating') (idiom) There's a rotten spell from the ocean.,

saaup puru (=saaup 'manslaughter' + puru 'die of unnatural causes' ) kill in warfare for cannibalism

**purus** (ka i / intransitive verb) **advise**, **coach**, **teach**: Naan ka purus dikdik. He's a tough coach.

purusing (=purus + nominalising -ing) (a (mun) / noun) strong advice

**raa** (ka i / intransitive verb) **arise, get up:** Ga raa vaanong ma ga i zuf. I get up and I have a bath.

# raamin a flan first menstruation, menstruation raamu (a (mun) / noun) axe:

**rabanat** (ka i / intransitive verb) **opposite:** rawalas, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually tabanat (very formal) shut, close, cover up: Ka tabanat! It is shutting!

**rabara** (a (mun) / noun) ?? UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun tabara? rabara or xobara? a mun k-?

**rabaraau** 1 *normally used only after a vowel*, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see tabaraau 2 (a / uncountable noun) (with no r-/t- variation) halo around the moon rabaxol

# raksiziyaar

rangan a nalik. Mum's singing to the child. 4 (a (mun) / noun) song: Di dodor ratangiza pan a rangaan a yaai tapal. The two of them chant their song on the tree of eternity.

rangtangis (reduplicated)

**ratangis** (kat / transitive verb ) (= from reduplicated ratangan 'sing repeatedly', 'wail') 1 sing repeatedly 2 wail: Gu rangtangis saxot a ravin i nataa Ngoingoi. You're always wailing over a woman from Ngoingoi.

dodor ratangis chant:

### regaaum

rok<sub>2</sub>

**ruktuxaai** (ka i / intransitive verb) **follow** (**customs**, **laws**), **observe** (**customs**, **laws**), **observe** (**customs**, **laws**): Di ruktuxaai wan a kip aang a lus a Ngaaiwulut ma lus a Osaaning. We observe customary laws and commandments diligently and the laws of holding feasts.

run normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'

(female), someone (female), some woman: Saan ka maat. Some woman has died.. (See Volker grammar p 89).

dizaan (=di 'great' + saan 'someone female') large vagina,

dizaan laba 1 large vagina 2 large penis UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Merge with zaan

Saande [from TPn

**Sakzaak** (a (mun) / noun) **sago:** Ga waraas a sakzaak. I'm balancing the load of sago on two sides of a pole. plants **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** z-?

**Sala**¹ (kat / transitive verb ) **after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zala**³ (especially remove hot stones from an earth oven) **spread out:** Gu zala a uman. Remove and spread out the hot stones from the earth oven. (VJ)

sala / zala veif (starting the fire by spreading out dry material at the bottom) light a fire

Sala<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zala<sup>2</sup> (often eaten by women and children)

**Sande** [from Tok Pisin Sande / English Sunday] (a (mun) / noun) **Sunday:** A za Sande bane ga wut lis tasin a za vi. Some Sunday I came bringing some stuff. (Volker p. 101)

**Sang**<sup>1</sup> (kat / transitive verb ) **light an earth oven fire:** Gu sang a uvara. Light the earth oven fire. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: zang?

Sang<sup>2</sup> (ka i / intransitive verb) related word sanglalan 1 block

## Saramangges see xalawazi Sea Snake Clan

Sarere [from Tok Pisin Sarere < English Saturday] (a (mun) / noun) Saturday

**Sasaxei** short form of singsaxei (used only by younger speakers) but. (See Volker grammar 172).

**Savaxaro** (= from the NE dialect pronunciation of saying *(Gu)* sava xa ro?) **northeast dialect of Nalik** 

Sawei (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zawei passage in the reef

Si after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually zi', = Southeast and West Coast dialects: siaar (usually with durative i: i zi) (NE dialect) 1 sit, stay 2 (sun and moon) set: A flan ka si UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also zi?

a yaas ka si sunset: Di wut masing a waai pan a yaas ka si. They came from the northwest heading towards the setting sun. (Volker pg. 166),

faasir / vaasir (=causative fa(a)-/va(a) + si/zi 'sit') (kat / transitive verb ) 1 make something return, attract 2 sit down, return to a lower state: Ga giu nu gu piran, kun a ze ma gu vaasir xaarik? I made you a noble person, why do you return back to a lower state (abase yourself)? (HW13),

**faaziring** (=causative fa(a)-/va(a) + si/zi 'sit' + nominaliser -ing) (a / uncountable noun) creation: A zivatkulingnago naan a faaziring surago. My eternity is my creation. (HW64),

iziang (=durative i + si/zi 'sit' + nominalising -ang) (a (mun) / noun) meeting UNRm02 (i) 0.2 (

**si nim** (=si !of + nim second person nonsingular pronoun) (alienable possessive) (second person nonsingular alienable possessive) **your**. (See Volker grammar 128).,

**si nima** (=si !of + nim second person nonsingular pronoun + dual marker -a) (alienable possessive) (second person dual alienable possessive) **your**. (See Volker grammar 128).,

**si nimtal** (=si !of + nim second person nonsingular pronoun + paucal marker -tal) (alienable possessive) (second person paucal alienable possessive) **your**,

si nis (= si 'of' + nis 'who') = zis whose: A nalik si nis ka naan? Whose boy is he? (Volker pg 205)

## **skol** (-num / inalienable noun) digit

SOr (ka i / intransitive verb) tidy up UNRESOLVED QUESTION: z-?

**SOU** (a (mun) / noun) compare zou (NOTE: no s-/z- variation) poverty

**SO'U** (ka i / intransitive verb) **after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zo'u turn:** Gu wut so'u. You turn and come. A barei xa so'u The pig is turning around.

**zo wuwut** (= zo 'turn' + reduplication wu + wut 'come') **twisted:** Ka zo wuwut wan ko ze? Why did it get all twisted around? (Volker Pg 202) **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** zo or zo 'u?

SOWOI (a (mun) / noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zowoi deep pool in the reef

**kotaai / xotaai a zowoi** (=kotaai / xotaai 'arse' + sowoi / zowoi 'deep pool in the reef') (where the surf hits the reef) **reef crest** 

SOXO (kat / transitive verb ) after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually zoxo 1 (propel a boat by pushing with a pole) pole 2 stab: Di zoxo a rate. They stabbed the man. 3 carve out, dig out: Di zoxo a garamut. They're carving out a slit drum. 4 put on roofing soxo/zoxo mbaal (=soxo/zoxo 'carve out' + mbaal 'use and return') inaugurate, install, soxo / zoxo put (=soxo/zoxo 'carve out' + put ') raise someone up (figuratively), promote

**SOXO**t (verb) like, love, in love with: Tuaa gu raguing tamon gu soxot ni. Do not reject this if you love me. (HW2)

Stoa [from Tok Pisin stoa / English store] (a (mun) / noun) store

dialects: surugu (NE dialect) (first person singular) my: Ka zaxot a buk surago. She wants my book.. (See Volker grammar 127).

**SUrugu** (alienable possessive) = sarago, = Northeast dialect: surago (SE dialect) my, for me, to me: Ga na wul a rate kun a vamozesing surugu. I will pay the man for working for me. (Volker pg 99)

**SUIUK** after vowels, 'l', and/ or 'r' usually zuruk 1 get, receive, obtain: Ma la bikabaar a rolangaan di na zuruk a banaat a ziziba a vaatrulaaiing sin a Nakmai. And from the spiritual kingdom they will obtain the gem of Divine virtue. (HWpreface) 2 return: Di vagit maam pan adu di na zuruk. They're lying to us in saying they will return.

taain suruk lok turn one's face to: Taain suruk lok ni. Turn your face to me. (HW15)

SUS (-num / inalienable noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually zus breast, nipple vaazus

fatak / faatak / vatak / vaatak (=causative fa/va + taak 'straight) (ka i / intransitive verb) 1 straight, without dawdling: Sin aza zaak ka wut fatak la pop saxei. It came straight from someone's place. (Volker 187) 2 make true, verify: Mazaam pan a lamlamonum faatak masing faa nanga gu na los. Understand deep in your heart that this is the only path you can follow., maal vaatak (=maal 'lie' + causative faa-/vaa +tak 'straight') prostrate: Gu i maal vaatak la mara na Nakmainum. Prostrate yourself before the face of your God, the Creator. (HW24), raktaak (=reduplication taak 'correct') (ka i / intransitive verb) play (a game): Ga xulaau, ga raktaak pan a ragbi. When I was young, I played rugby. (Volker p 52) (NOTE: no r-/t- variation), taktak (=reduplicated tak / taak 'straight') (adjective / naan ka) 1 correct 2 straight

taakar (kat / transitive verb ) give (me / us): Taakar a bu. Give me a betelnut. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: No v-? When is this word normally used?

**raamataar** (=passive participle of taar) (NOTE: no r-/t- variation) torn: A laplap ka raamataar pan a vaat. The sarong was torn by the stone. (Volker pg 210),

taaring (= taar 'tear' + nominalising -ing) (a (mun) / noun) poisoning, use supernatural means to kill (

tagamazang (a (mun) / noun) (NOTE: no r-/t- variation) 1 waterspout 2 dust devil 3 tornado, whirlwind 4 destructive storm coming from the ocean UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is this any storm or specifically a whirlwind? tagina (a (mun) / noun) (NOTE: no t-/r- variation) giant moray Gymnothorax favanicus sea life

**tagit** (kat / transitive verb ) **move a boundary UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** also r-?

**tagonaai** (ka i / intransitive verb) **transitive equivalent:** tagoning 1 preserve 2 take care of for the collective good: A maimai ka tagonaai. The clan leader looks after it for us all.

tagonaaiing (=tagonaai 'preserve' + transitive -ing) (kat / transitive verb ) preserve, tagonaaiing (=tagonaai + nominalising -ing) (a (mun) / noun) 1 preservation, conservation 2 authority, legal power,

tagonaaing a xalxaal sovereignty: Masing ka naan gu na roxon a mun tagonaaing a xalxaal a xulmu In this way you will Actual T52 0 0 12 2 < 12 2 < 12 2 (t) 0.2 (r) -0.(adhi) 0.2 (t) 0.2 l

-tal (verb particle) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually -ral (paucal marker) three or four: Numtal gu raaintal a vaal. The four of you are looking at the house. (Volker p 69) Naandiyal orolavaat di dodoral. The four of them are talking (Volker p 80). (See Volker grammar 79).

talasing see list (= relas passive participle of relaas 'give" + nominalising -ing)

talizaat male first cousin UNRESOLVED QUESTION: paternal or maternal or both?

tarangin (=reduplicated tangin 'meet') (kat / transitive verb ) approach: Masing ka naan a maat ka na pen tarangin nu. In this way death cannot approach you. (HW63) UNRESOLVED

tataroking (adjective / naan ka) spotted UNRESOLVED QUESTION: root tarok/rarok?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: n, adj, ?

**tingarip** (a / uncountable noun) very small, fine, and expensive shell money UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm uncountable, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: cnfirm no r-, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: tingarip and tinirip undoubtedly the same

**tinirip** (a (mun) / noun) small, red, smooth shells used for shell money UNRESOLVED QUESTION: tingarip and tinirip undoubtedly the same

tirin (-num / inalienable noun) after vowels, 'l',and/ or 'r' usually ririn tirin /ririn a yen dorset fin,

tirin / ririn a vada base of a bunch of bananas

tirip (a (mun) / noun) (stages of coconut growth: a tirip, a nur, a makaval, a maraang)

young coconut UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also r-? plants

tiu (NOTE: no t-/r- variation) (not dangerous) large black sea urchin sea life

**tivunging** (a (mun) / noun) related word vung hidden thing: Ka ruwaas pan a tivunging. He reached the hidden goal.

tiyu (a (mun) / noun) (unidentified bird, lives at the beach, catches small fish)

tkal (a (mun) / noun) small trees

a mun funa tkal

fatok (=causative fa- + tok 'correct') (adverb) compare tak² accurately, correctly: Gu na ramin fatok pan a maraam, ma xa vit pan a mara na zanon. You will see accurately with your own eyes, and not with the eyes of others. (HW2) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also vatok?, tok bilak

uba²

**Uraa** (a (mun) / noun) **also ura chicken:** Ga na vangan lak a uraa. I'll eat the chicken first. (Volker pg. 170)

**Urago** = surago (especially poetic): Nu a marapi zurago ma a marapi Urago xa na pen morut marase. You are my robe, and my robe does not die. (HW14)

**Uran** jungle, bush: Naan ka i zi la uran. It's in the jungle.

**Urang** large crayfish, lobster

**urima** (a (mun) / noun) (a semi-hardwood that grows very tall, with large leaves when it is young and smaller leaves as it matures); (Tok Pisin: erima) unidentified tree species plants

**Uring** (a (mun) / noun) **louse / lice:** Di ngut a uring. They kill the head lice by chomping on them. Insects

**Uru** = Southeast dialect: urua compare kimbo, marua

malagan, woven shield ra (often referred to in anthropological literature as

**Vaalit** (-num / inalienable noun) recipient of guidance: Nu a vaalitnago ma a eilaping ka i zi la maskaam. You receive my guidance and the light exists within you. (HW11) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun faalit?

**Vaamaat** see maat, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually faamaat (= causative faa-/vaa- + maat 'die')

Vaarakip see kip, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-

Something interrupts the conversation. 2 talk about the wrong thing, be off the topic: Naan ka vaazilivaai. He's talking off the topic.

Vaazus see sus (= causative vaa- + zus nipple, milk) breastfeed, nurse vabaaxot see baaxot

**Valabaan** married couple: Di raagul faraxaaiyaa xo masing uru valabaan. The two of them lived together as if they were a married couple.

**Valagot** see *lagot* (= causative prefix *fa-/va- + lagot* 'beat', 'hit')

**Valak** see *laak*<sup>2</sup> (= causative *fa-/va-* + *laak* 'climb up into')

valala 1 (a (mun) / noun) useless person: A valala nu! You're bloody useless! 2 (ka i /

intransitive verb) be a useless person, not fit to do anything UNRESOLVED

QUESTION: also f-?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is there a root lala?

**Valang** ("pau" in Tok Pisin ) unidentified edible nut UNRESOLVED QUESTION: what nut is this? english and scientific names?

Valapuk see lapuk (= causative fa-/va- + lapuk 'big') also f-?

**Valat** see *vala*<sup>1</sup>, *t* (= inceptive marker *vala* + transitive durative marker %-t)

**Valaxe** (ka i / intransitive verb) inherited, passed down to the next generation: Ka na valaxe, a? It'll be passed down to the next generation, won't it?

Valip normally used only after a vowel, 'I'

Vambos see mbas, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-

liquid consonant usually fambos (= causative fa-/va- + mbas 'full') UNRESOLVED

QUESTION: Is thee a root mbos?

vamilaif see milaaif (= causative fa-/va- + milaaif 'sleep") UNRESOLVED

QUESTION: fa- ok?

**Vamoxos** (ka i / intransitive verb) **get married UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** *fa-ok?* 

Vamozes (verb) normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see

**Val'a**: [from < Proto New Ireland \*var < Proto Oceanic \*paRi-] also vavur, related word varamara / varumara (

**Varan** (kat / transitive verb ) **intransitive equivalent: faraal** (For older speakers, varan is transitive and faraal / varaal intransitive, but most speakers today use only varaal for both intransitive and transitive meanings, to the exclusion of varan.) (rare today) **write**. (See Volker grammar 42). **UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also faran?** 

**Varanas** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see faranas

**Varanoping** see nop, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually faranoping (= reciprocal marker fara/vara- + nop 'respect'+ -nominalising -ing)

Varas normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see faras

Varat compare maariaas :1 (usually late September to early March) wet season, monsoon

**Varat** (= vara reciprocal + t transitive marker): Di varat pilaaninga dia.

Varop (verb) fight: Naadia uru rate di varopa. The two men are fighitng. (Volker pg 68)

Varoving (kat / transitive verb ) pray to: Nu nanga maadi vaaroving Nu xun a pilaning. To you alonedo we pray for assistance. (Saaule p. 6 (Quran 1))

## vatpaat (verb) beat

vatpaat a babaang boast about oneself: Adu gu vatpaat a babaangnaam kun a ze? Why are you boasting about yourself? (literally: Why are you beating your own chest?)

**Vaxatkotong** see otkotong, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually faxatkotong (= causative fa-/va- + otkotong 'look after')

Vaxatong see katong, at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a

faal/vaal veranda (a (mun) / noun) house with a wooden floor

**Veraxei** (preposition) **normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see** feraxei = Southeast dialect: vaaraxai

**VEVEU** (a (mun) / noun, ka i / intransitive verb) related word maalavazevou whistle

**vexaak a daanim** (a (mun) / noun) (= causative va- / fa- + daanim water, river) (from LM) mouth of a river

**Vexei** (preposition) **short form of feraxei** (Younger speakers often use this shortened form without it being followed by wan.) (usually younger speakers) **with:** Ga zizir vexei naande. I'm sitting down with them.. (See Volker grammar 159).

**VEZ** faeces

vinfur (-num / inalienable noun) body hair

vin nuaam rain-making stone

vin tavin obese and unhealthy man

Vira (a (mun) / noun) related word filvira healer

Viraai (kat / transitive verb ) normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see firaai

Viruin normally used only after a vowel, 'I' or 'r'; for a full entry see firuin

**Virviraai** (a (mun) / noun) **teach** UNRESOLVED QUESTION: **teach or learn?**, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: **f-?** 

virviraaiing (=virviraai 'teach' + nominaliser -ing) 1 knowledge 2 teaching: A vatuing surago naan a virviraaing surago. My unity is my teaching. (HW64 (1st edition))

virviraaing see virviraai (= virviraai 'teach' + nominaliser -ing)

**Vit** (ka i / intransitive verb)

Vulvulazaai also lagaf (rare today) hard. (See Volker grammar p 121).

Vun compare botes (generic name for all species) turtle sea life

vuna

**Waakpizin** (verb) **compare wakpizin throw away**, **detach**, **face**, **turn towards:** Ka vit a daalman pan a luaai sunum ka re singsaxei gu gun'gun pa nu nanga ma gu waakpizin nu zoxot ni There will be no peace in your soul unless you detach yourself and turn yourself to face my favour. (HW8)

**luaa wakpizin** (=luaa 'leave' + waakpizin 'throw away') (kat / transitive verb ) **discard** 

**Waalik** (a (mun) / noun) (often put in centre of flat malagan carvings to depict the act of creation) "eye of fire" malagan design (often referred to in anthropological literature as valik, a word in the Tabar language) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: or is this a flat

frieze? malagan related

waaling (a (mun) / noun) vocabulary

waambarawa (a (mun) / noun) (common name for several species) butterflyfish,

batfish, bannerfish sea life

Waamu normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see paamu

**Waan**¹ (a (mun) / noun) 1 leaf 2 wall: a waan a vaal the wall of the house (Volker 110) waan baruwa (=waan 'leaf' + baruwa 'breadfruit') black surgeonfish sea life

**Waan**<sup>2</sup> (ka i / intransitive verb) **go:** Ma xa waan mase wa naan la lamaan bangut. And he went with her into the deep ocean.

**Waan**<sup>3</sup> (a (mun) / noun) beneath. (See Volker grammar 153).

**Waan**₄ (adjective / naan ka) whole UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm adjective

**Waan**<sup>5</sup> (ka i / intransitive verb) **prepare:** Ga tabung waan pa nu. I prepared it for you. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: p-?

Waau (a (mun) / noun) frog

**Waaxas** (verb, a (mun) / noun) 1 **container, vessel:** Okabina naan a lawaza ma waaxas wakpat a raaguling mitmizaangir a bina The weather-maker is the medium who encloses all the different parts of the community living together in order to stare at the stormy destruction from the clouds high above. (Xom) 2 (leaf that covers a waaxis 'water container') **cover, lid:** A waaxas se gut fazaak? What did you cover up in that container?

**Waaxis** (a (mun) / noun) jug, bottle UNRESOLVED QUESTION: should this be waaxas?

Wagaal normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see pagaal

**Wakluaai** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see pakluaai, also waakluaai

**Wakpaak a mit** fingernail UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also pakpaak?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also wakpaak a xaak = toenail?

**Wakpat** reveal, open up: Okabina naan a lawaza ma waaxas wakpat a raaguling mitmizaangir a bina The weather-maker is the medium who encloses and reveals all the different parts of the community living together in order to stare at the stormy destruction from the clouds high above. (Xom)

wakpaak a mit fingernail

Wakpizin (verb) compare waakpizin capsize, turn a boat over

**Walaas** (kat / transitive verb ) 1 open a package, unwrap 2 disclose: Gu na walaas a doring. You'll disclose what was said.

faramin walaas (=faramin 'walk over' + walaas 'unwrap') unpack

Walaau for a full entry see palaau, palaau

**Walak** (ka i / intransitive verb) **grow:** A doxo'ing sarago naan na walak pana. It will grow through my loving kindness. (Volker 187)

Walao (a (mun) / noun) (usually la walao) among,

### walot octopus sea life

**Walvaal** (a (mun) / noun) (a brown bird, feeding in coconuts that flies low and fast) unidentified bird birds UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: identify with scientific name

**walwaldamaau** (-num / inalienable noun) **fingernail, toenail:** a walwaldamaau la mit / a walwaldamaau la xaak a fingernail / a toenail body part UNRESOLVED QUESTION: one word or two?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: same as a wakpaak a mit?

Wan = wan, pa<sup>1</sup>

galaas pizin wat (=galaas 'jmess up' + pizin aimlessly + wat 'hill') also galgalasput a children's game where one team tries to knock down the other team's mound of sand

Wataas normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see pataas

**watpangun** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see patpangun

watpatlaaia scorpion fish sea life

**Waza** (verb) consensus, agreement

waza rasin come to an agreement, arrive at a consensus: A varaang a piran di waza rasin fanong la rabaraau The council of elders have arrived at a consensus at the clan cemetery. ((Xom))

**WC** = pen 1: Gu we tanin piran a bina. You won't see fellow countrymen. 2 (with a previously mentioned verb omitted) **won't:** Ka vit, ga na we. No, I won't. (Volker 58). (See Volker grammar 58, 195).

**Wef** (-num / inalienable noun) **female genitals UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** also pef?

**Weizaxaai** (a (mun) / noun) (NOTE: no p-/w- variation) paradise drongo, ribbontailed drongo, New Ireland drongo Dircrurus megarhynchus birds UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also weizaxaau?

Wek normally used only after a vowel, 'I' or 'r'; for a full entry see pek

**Wen** = pen: Ka vit, ga na wen faral. No, I won't write anything.. (See Volker grammar 58). **Weraf** (verb)

**a wilaan a lu** (=wilaan 'beloved' + lu 'pair of twins') **one of a pari of twins UNRESOLVED** QUESTION: What's the relationship between pilaan help and wilaan beloved? p/w?

wilak normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see pilak
win normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see pin
win maravan

win maravan (=win 'skin' + maravan 'heavy') (a / uncountable noun) pregnant, pregnancy UNRESOLVED QUESTION: maravan OR maravin?

winuaam (a (mun) / noun) rain-making tool
winwaam (a (mun) / noun) ceremonial shell cup, chalice

**Wira** (numeral) **compare kavizikuru, kavizikurua, sigurua** (rare today) (sacred counting system used to count pigs in public ceremonies) **seven**. (See Volker grammar 121).

**Wiring** (kat / transitive verb ) 1 plan: Di wi] TJ ET Q8.2 (0.2 (2) -0.2 (1) -0.2().) ] TJ E

### wun

Xaanom normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kaanon swallow

**Xaanon** (kat / transitive verb ) **normally used only after a vowel, 'I' or 'r'; for a full** entry see kaanon UNRESOLVED QUESTION: confirm tr or intr

Xaar normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kaar

**Xaarik** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kaarik

xaaring (a (mun) / noun) (destructive high tide in the varat season) spring tide

Xaarou (aggressive, lives on ground, has a round head and silver, smooth skin)

unidentified lizard: a mun kaarou? animals UNRESOLVED QUESTION: English and scientific names?

**Xaaru** hermit crab (smaller variety with a shell), smaller variety of hermit crab with a shell UNRESOLVED QUESTION: also a red crab species? sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun kaaru?

Xaas (kat / transitive verb ) carry

vaxaas (=causative va + xaas 'carry') have someone / something carried away: Ka na vaxaas a ravin aang ko. He7.814.9785 819 0Tm/2 (si) .2 () 0.2 (k) -0.2 (a) - 403 (TJ ET Q 12 0/Actual'.

**Xanaai** (a (mun) / noun) **normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kanaai birds** 

Xapara normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kapara xapkap

**XATONG** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see katong **XAUXAAO** grateful, content: Di xauxaao zaxot lapuk a mun saan maratugulaai.

We are grateful for pure and untouched things.

XaVa normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kava
XaVa normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'

## xintinur earthworm

**Xipaang** (a (mun) / noun) (Short man with big ears who lives in a cave, often cannibalistic) dwarf UNRESOLVED QUESTION: xipaang / lalara / luluraai?

XOI (a (mun) / noun) at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually kor 1 crow 2 Bismarck crow Corvus insularism birds

XOS: (ka i / intransitive verb) get on a vehicle, catch a ride: Gu na xos a baalus.

XU<sup>2</sup> (a (mun) / noun) large green lizard UNRESOLVED QUESTION: scientific name?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun ku? animals

XU<sub>3</sub> normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see ku<sup>2</sup>

**XUAKA** = Northeast dialect: naako (West Coast dialect, Luaupul dialect) (empasis marker) real, really

**XUfKUf** (adjective / naan ka) = Northeast dialect: xofkof (SE dialect) white pin/win kuf (=pin/win 'skin' + kuf 'white') (a (mun) / noun) white people, European: a mun pin kuf white people / Euroeans

XUI (a (mun) / noun) normally used only after a vowel, 'I' or 'r'; for a full entry see kui birds UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is xui / kui any heron or only Pacific reef heron?

XUI normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kul

XUIAAU normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kulaau (irregular plural: a fuxulaau) youth

xulbilaan (kat / transitive verb ) mix

XUIMU normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kulmu

xulutung normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kulutung xulx

**XUIXUI** normally used only after a vowel, 'I' or 'r'; for a full entry see kul' (= reduplicated kul / xul 'change clothes')

XUIXUIAAi normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kulxulaai

**XUIXUING**<sup>1</sup> see **kul**<sup>2</sup> (= reduplicated *xul* 'change clothes' + nominalising -ing) UNRESOLVED QUESTION: *Kulxuling ok?* 

**XUIXUING**<sup>2</sup> see *kul*<sup>1</sup> (= reduplicated *xul* 'change clothes' + nominalising -ing)

XUManar (a (mun) / noun) home village: Wangpaang ka vaas a xumanar xuna

vapalangor aang a bina The messenger gives a speech in their home village in order to UNRESOLVED QUESTION: a mun k-?

**XUMKUM** (a (mun) / noun) (NOTES: 1. no k-/x- variation 2. Although this looks like a reduplicated word, there is no xum in modern Nalik.) 1 Milky Way 2 (dry and sweet on the inside) coconut sprout

**xumkum plaaxas** (=**xumkum** 'coconut sprout' + **plaaxas** 'dry') (liquid usually fermented, so the flesh is very sweet) **sprouting dry coconut** (NOTE: no k-/x- variation)

XUMUI normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see kumul
XUNA (conjunction) normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'

#### yaas² before a vowel yaaz²

**yaat** (-num / inalienable noun) 1 liver 2 (place of the emotions) heart: A yaatnum ka putkaning a bikabar a zivatkul tapal. Your heart has set immobilised for all eternity in that realm. (HW55)

**yaau** (a (mun) / noun) (Given to pregnant women and the newborn baby to eat so the child will be born with large eyes and nose) **ribbon eel** Rhinomuraena quaesita sea life

yaavus (ka i / intransitive verb) rest, take talke tal

**yare'ing** (=yare 'ask' + nominaliser -ing) (a (mun) / noun) question, query: A yare'ing surago xa masing ka naan. My question is like this.

yare'ing see yare (= yare + transitive or nominaliser -ing)

**YAVUS relax:** Ga na zi yavus. I'm going to sit and relax.

**yawuru** (kat / transitive verb ) **gather** UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Difference between yawuru and navaing? example sentences?, UNRESOLVED QUESTION: Is it yawuru, yaawut, or both?

yayau (a (mun) / noun) bush hen UNRESOLVED QUESTION: scientific

name? birds

yen (a (mun) / noun) fish
diyen (=di- great + yen 'fish') giant fish,
fayen / vayen (=causative fa- / va- + yen 'fish')

**zalapet** normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see salapet

**Zaleng** at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually saleng

**Zamur** first time: Ka zamur a taain a flan. She had her first menstruation. UNRESOLVED QUESTION: s-?

**Zanaai** (verb) **realise, self-aware:** A xastunaan saait ka vangaai xa zanaai ma xa zawang lawa. Humans realise their true selves and then reach their goal.

**Zang** large clam

Zangas normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see sangas

**Zangat** (a (mun) / noun) **normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see** sangat

**Zangseng** (kat / transitive verb ) **search:** Ga zangseng nanga naan. I'm still looking for him. (Volke.

**zanon . zanun** (a .mun) . noun) 1 .thers , .nother :

Ka i zi la vaal. She is confined to a women's house for her first menstruation.

ziaar = siaar

zibaaf (a (mun) / noun) milkwood Alstoria villosa UNRESOLVED QUESTION:

s-? plants

zibrung normally used only after a vowel, 'l' or 'r'; for a full entry see sibrung

**ZİK** insect Insects

**Zimaarifing** (a / uncountable noun) (= **zi** 'sit' + **maarif** 'fresh air" + nominalising -ing) **peace of mind, rest:** Vaartunaan a vit gu tangin a zimaarifing. Truly, you will not achieve

any peace of mind. (HW40) **UNRESOLVED QUESTION:** confirm uncountable

**Zimaat** (a (mun) / noun) food wrapped in leaves and cooked over a fire **Zimbong** (verb) wait: Ga zimbong panaraan ma ka ruaas naambre. I've been waiitng

zin = si², also sin

all morning till now. (Volker pg. 172)

**Zina** (pronoun) at the beginning of a sentence or after a word ending in a non-liquid consonant usually sina (Third person singular non-alienable possessive pronoun) her, his, its: a yaai zina his tree

**Zinaaf** compare mara'ul, = maxading<sup>1</sup> big-eye trevally sea life UNRESOLVED QUESTION: same as mara laba?

zindamai front door, front of a house

**Zindamain** (ka i / intransitive verb) sit and stare at someone eating as if to beg for food

malagan symbol for justice consisting of a cross within a circle 3

# **ZOKSAXEI** normally used only after a vowel,